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Cover Crops and Targeted Herbicide Applications: Implications for Modern Weed Management

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Cropping Systems Weed Science
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Take**ACTION**
Herbicide-Resistance
Management



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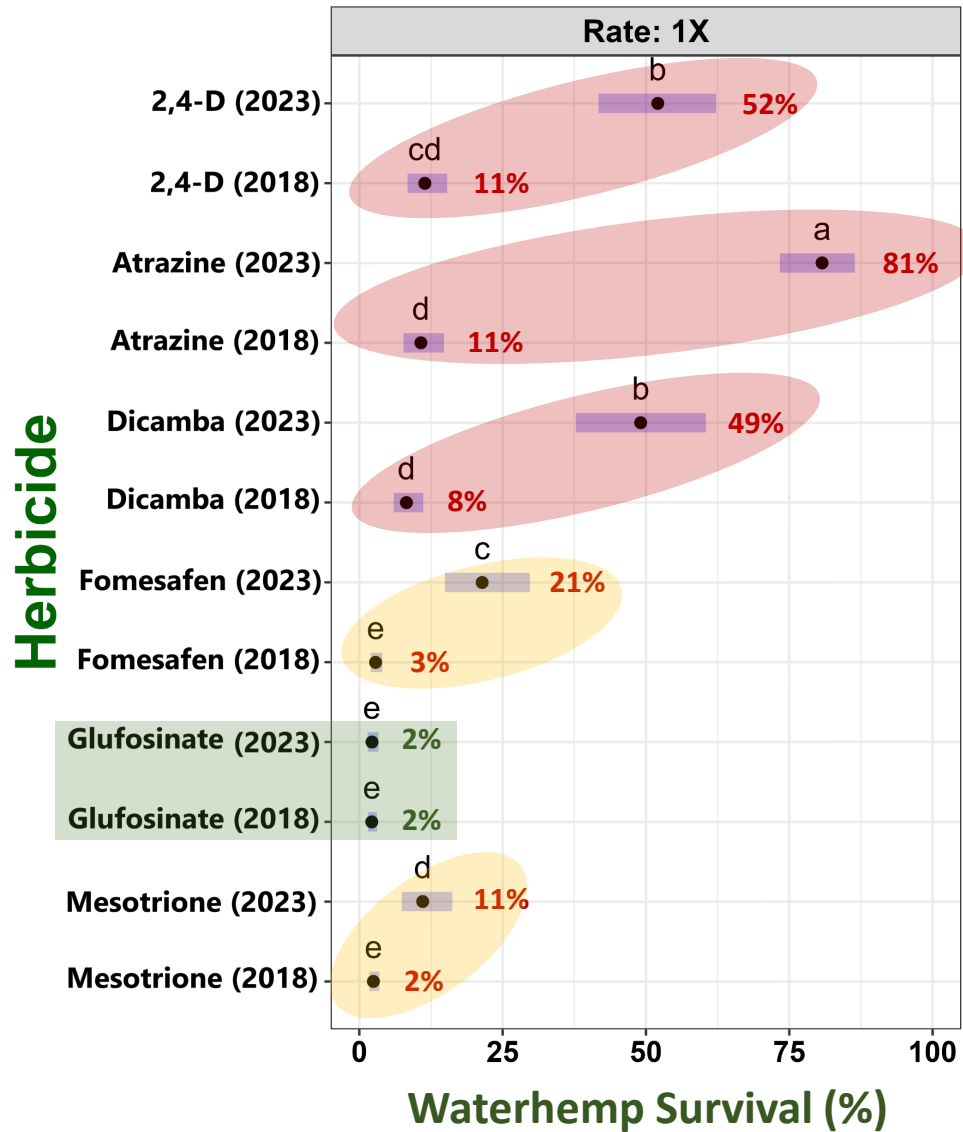
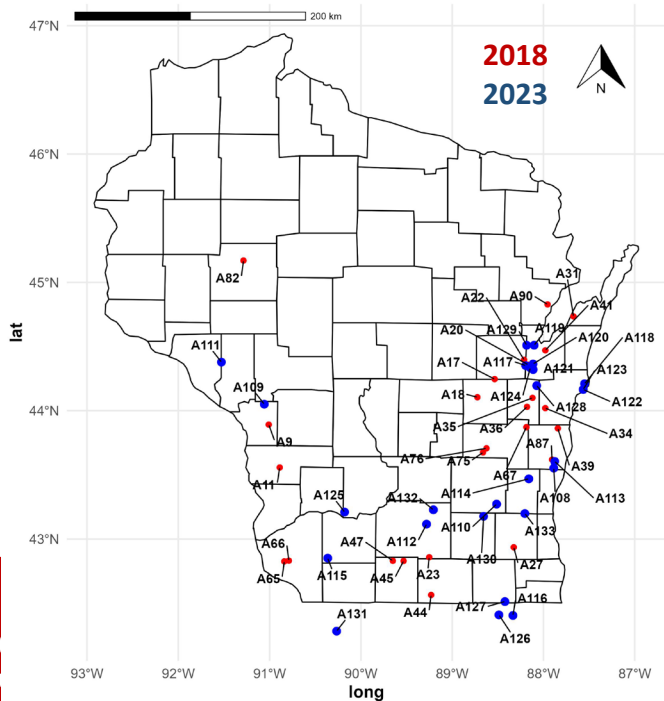


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Wisconsin Waterhemp Herbicide Resistance Screening

Herbicide	Product	Rate (fl oz/ac)	SOA Group
Mesotrione	Callisto	3.0	27
Imazethapyr	Pursuit	4.0	2
Glyphosate	Roundup PM	22	9
Glufosinate	Liberty	32	10
Fomesafen	Flextar	16	14
Dicamba	XtendiMax	22	4
Atrazine	Aatrex 4L	32	5
2,4-D	Enlist One	24 - 32*	4

**Enlist One at 24 and 32 fl oz/ac for 2018 and 2023 accessions, respectively.*








2018: “≥88% of the accessions evaluated are resistant to both imazethapyr and glyphosate applied POST.” Faleco et al (2022)



Picture courtesy of Dr. Jose Junior Nunes

WI Waterhemp Resistance Update:

Accession	County	2,4-D (POST) 	ATRAZINE (PRE & POST) 	FOMESAFEN (PRE & POST) 	MESOTRIONE (POST) 	S-METOLACHLOR (PRE) 
A101	Dane	X	X	X	X	
A117	Outagamie	X	X	X	X	
A125	Richland	X	X	X	X	
A133	Washington	X	X	X		X



2024 Soybean Herbicide Costs (SW Wisconsin)*

	PRE					POST					
Authority First	4	\$	31.50	\$	7.88	Enlist One	32	\$	48.00	\$	12.00
Metribuzin	10	\$	10.75	\$	6.72	Metolachlor	16	\$	30.00	\$	3.75
Metolachlor	17	\$	30.00	\$	<u>3.98</u>	Liberty	32	\$	22.00	\$	5.50
Glyphosate 5 pound	24	\$	15.00	\$	2.81	Glyphosate	24	\$	15.00	\$	2.81
AMS	2.5	\$	0.29	\$	<u>0.73</u>	Clethodim	10	\$	28.00	\$	2.19
				\$	22.12	AMS	3	\$	0.29	\$	<u>0.87</u>
										\$	27.12



*Target weeds: waterhemp, giant ragweed, foxtail species. Values provided by a Wisconsin farmer.

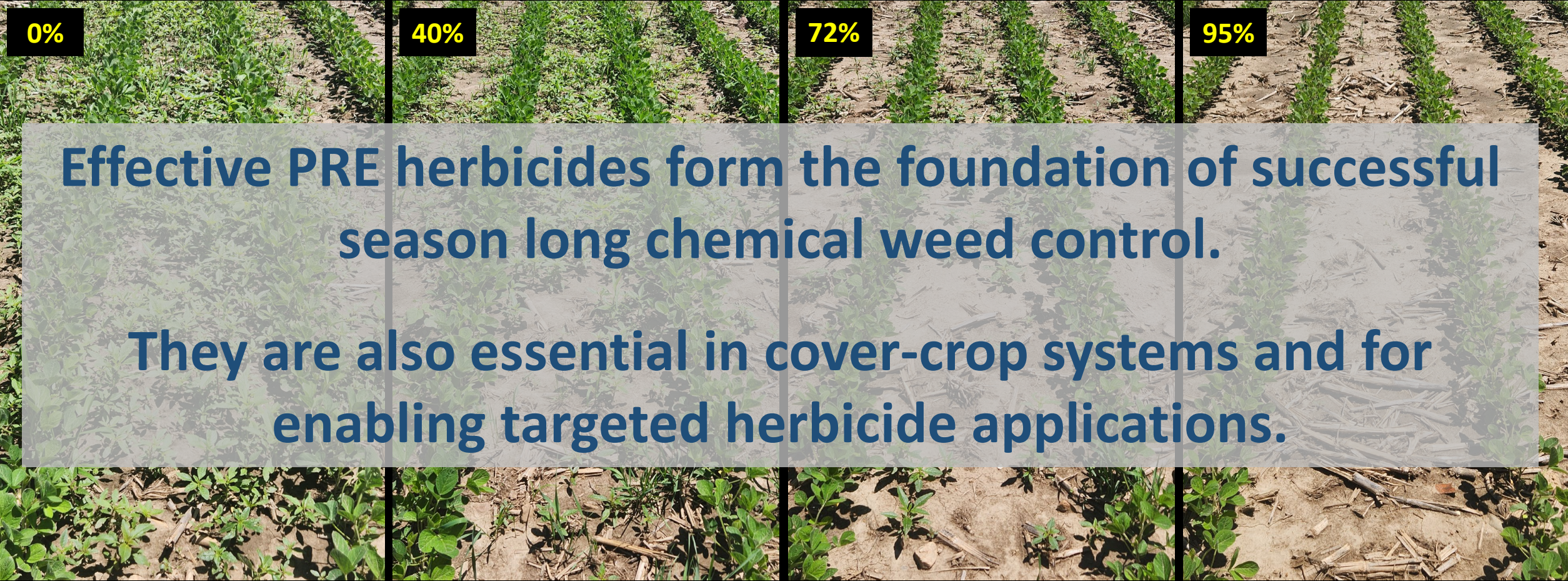




WiscWeeds research in partnership with Douglas Wiedenbeck, UW LARS

PRE-emergence Herbicide Programs (2024 – O’Brien Family Farm, Brooklyn, WI)

Waterhemp control 34 days after PRE application



Untreated Check

PRE: Tricor @ 7 oz

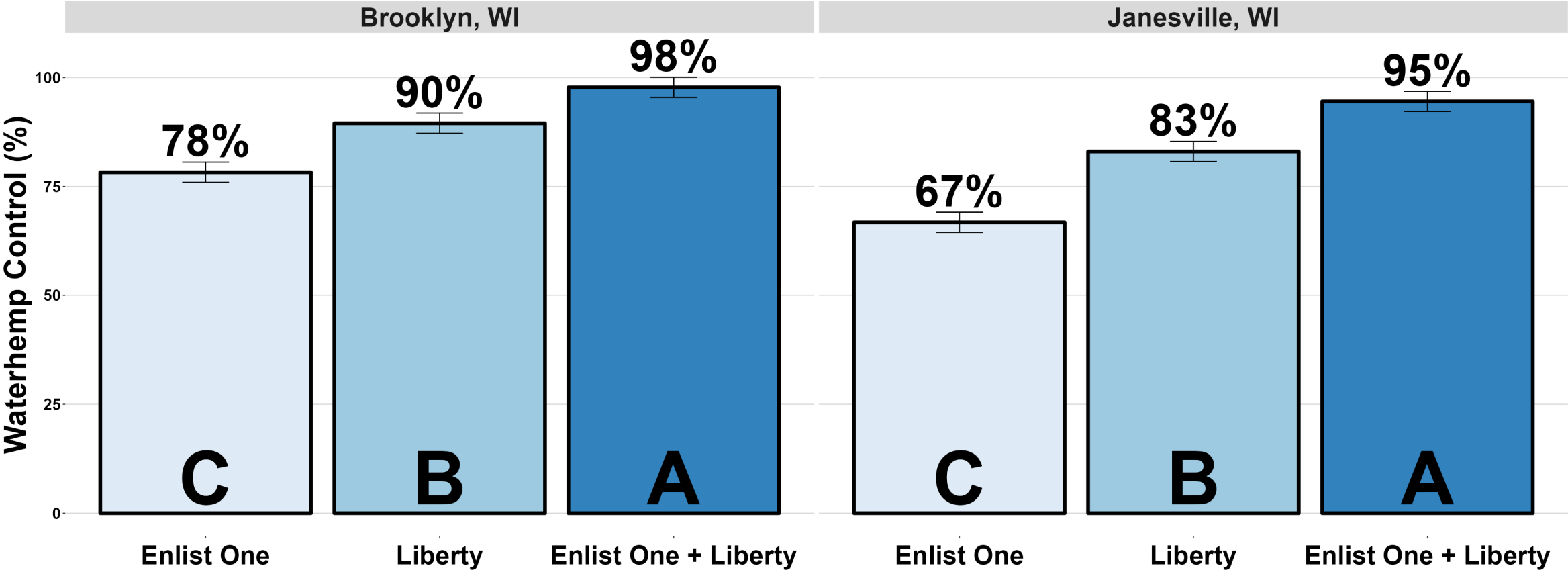
PRE: Boundary @ 1.75 pt
(Tricor @ 5.8 oz + Dual II Magnum @ 19.2 fl oz)

PRE: Fierce EZ @ 6 fl oz
(Valor SX @ 2 oz + Zidua SC @ 2.5 fl oz)

POST Waterhemp Control – Enlist E3 Soybean



2024 - Bareground Study - % Waterhemp Control - 14 DAT



Enlist One @ 2 pts/acre; Liberty @ 32 fl oz/acre; AMS @ 3 lbs/acre; 15 GPA; AIXR nozzles.

Waterhemp plants were ~3 inches all at application. DAT = days after treatment.



May 11, 2016 near Mead, NE

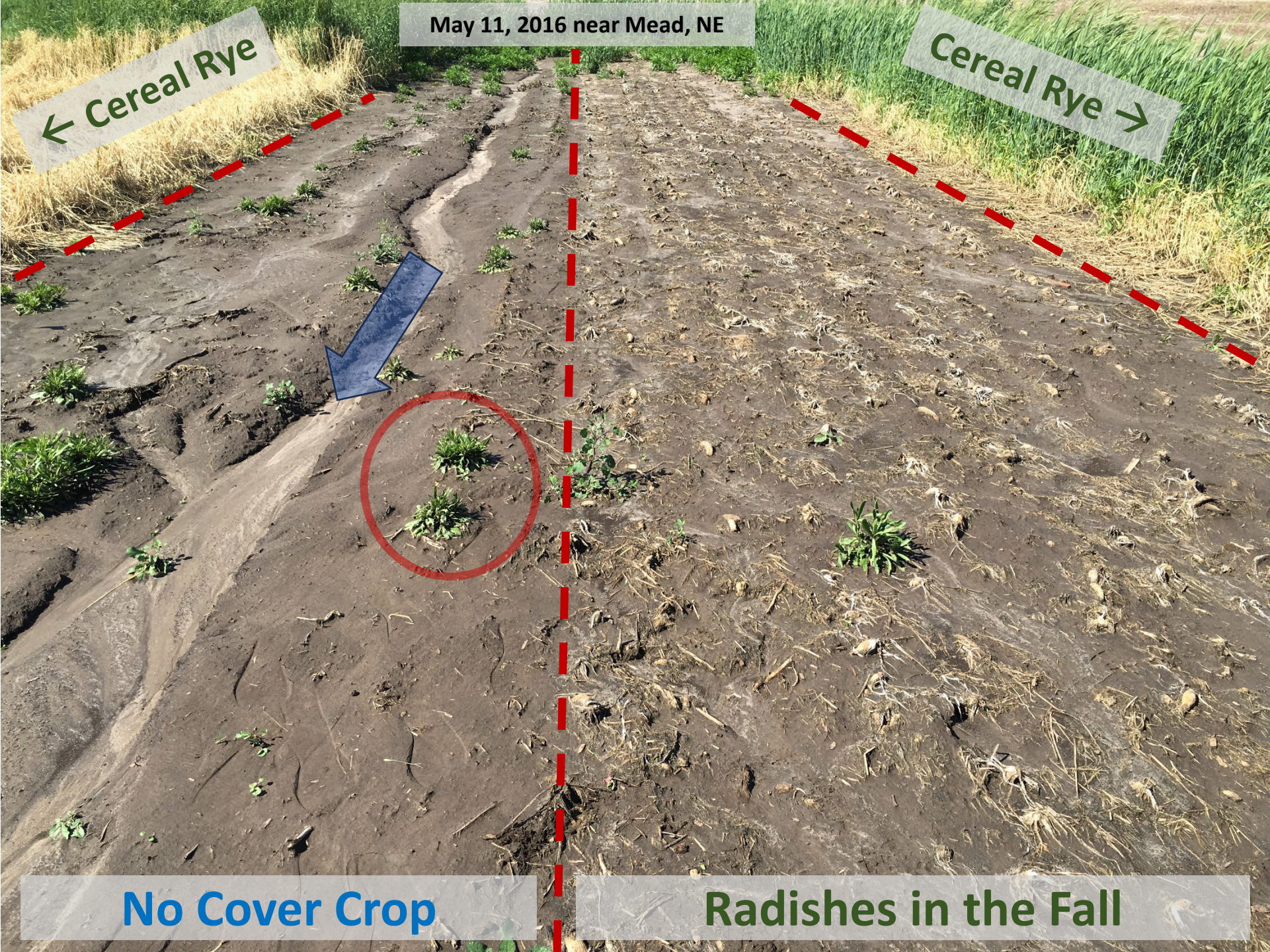
← Cereal Rye

Cereal Rye →



No Cover Crop

Radishes in the Fall



According to WI Farmers & Crop Advisers Adoption of Cover Crops Have:

- positively influenced water retention in their farms/clients' farms = **85%**
- reduced soil erosion in their farms/clients' farms = **98%**
- **improved overall weed control in their farms/clients' farms = 68%**

n = 136 Wisconsin respondents (2023 cover crop survey)

Cover Crop Incentive Programs



Cereal Rye Cover Crop



March 30, 2021



May 18, 2021



Waterhemp Suppression | Cereal Rye Biomass Dose-response

NO COVER CROP

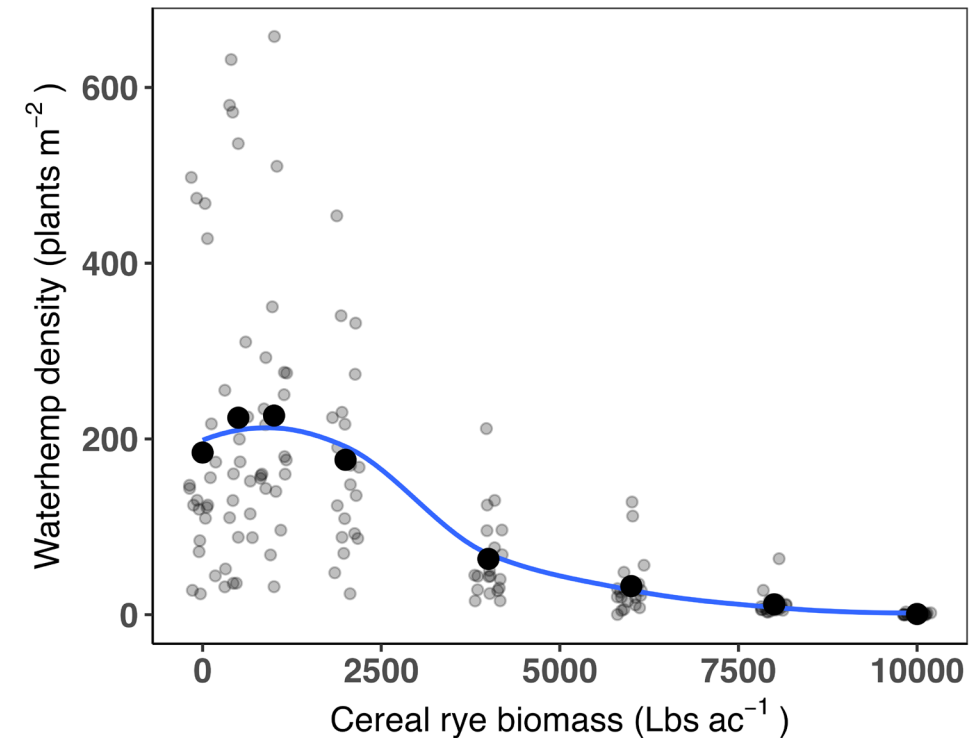


YES COVER CROP



~4,500 lbs/ac of dry cereal rye biomass for $\geq 50\%$ waterhemp density reduction (Nunes et al 2024)

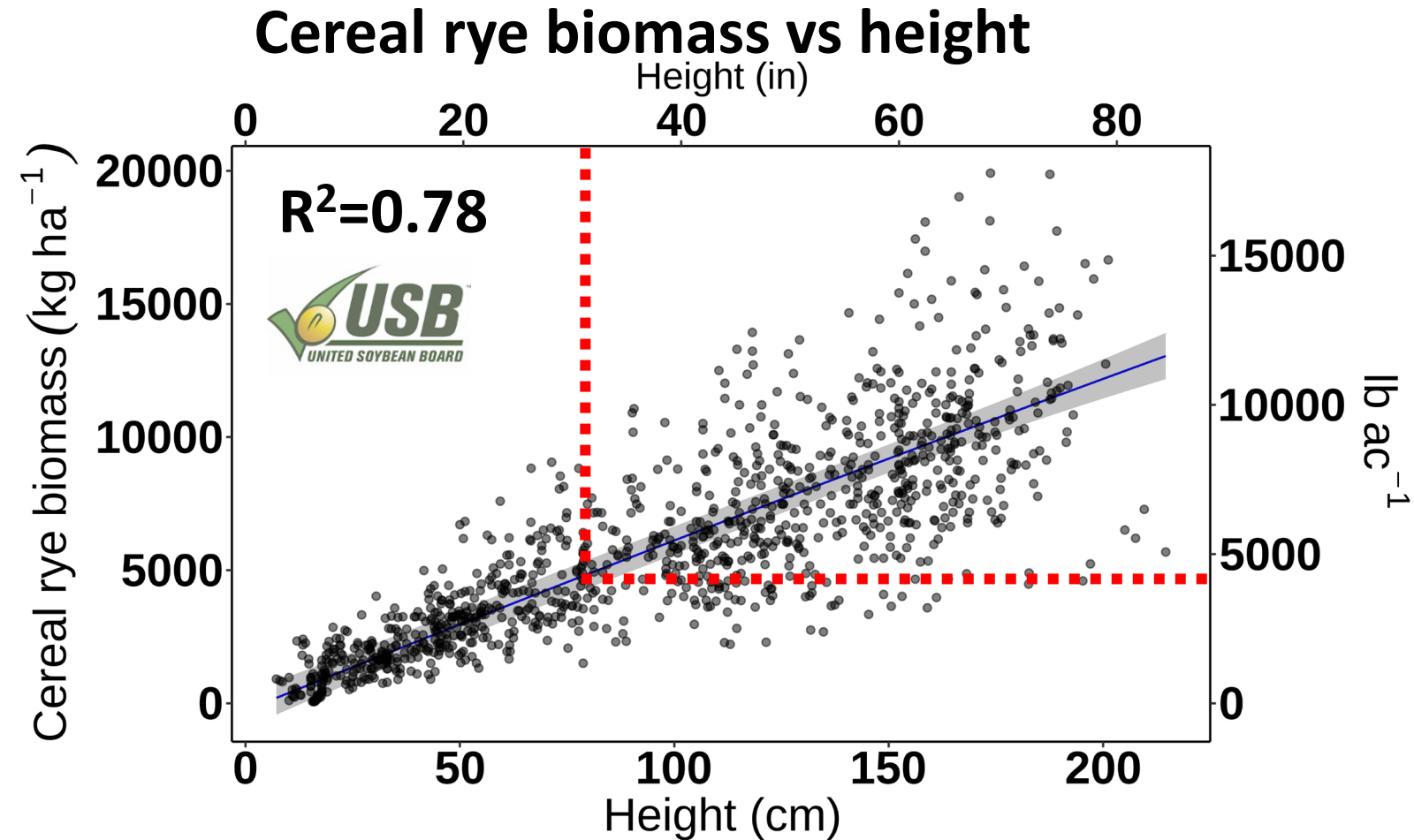
Waterhemp density (plants m^{-2})



Average ED_{50} ~4,500 Lbs ac^{-1}



What does 4,500 lbs/acre look like?



(20 site-years, $n=1120$)

~36-inch tall cereal rye (boot stage)



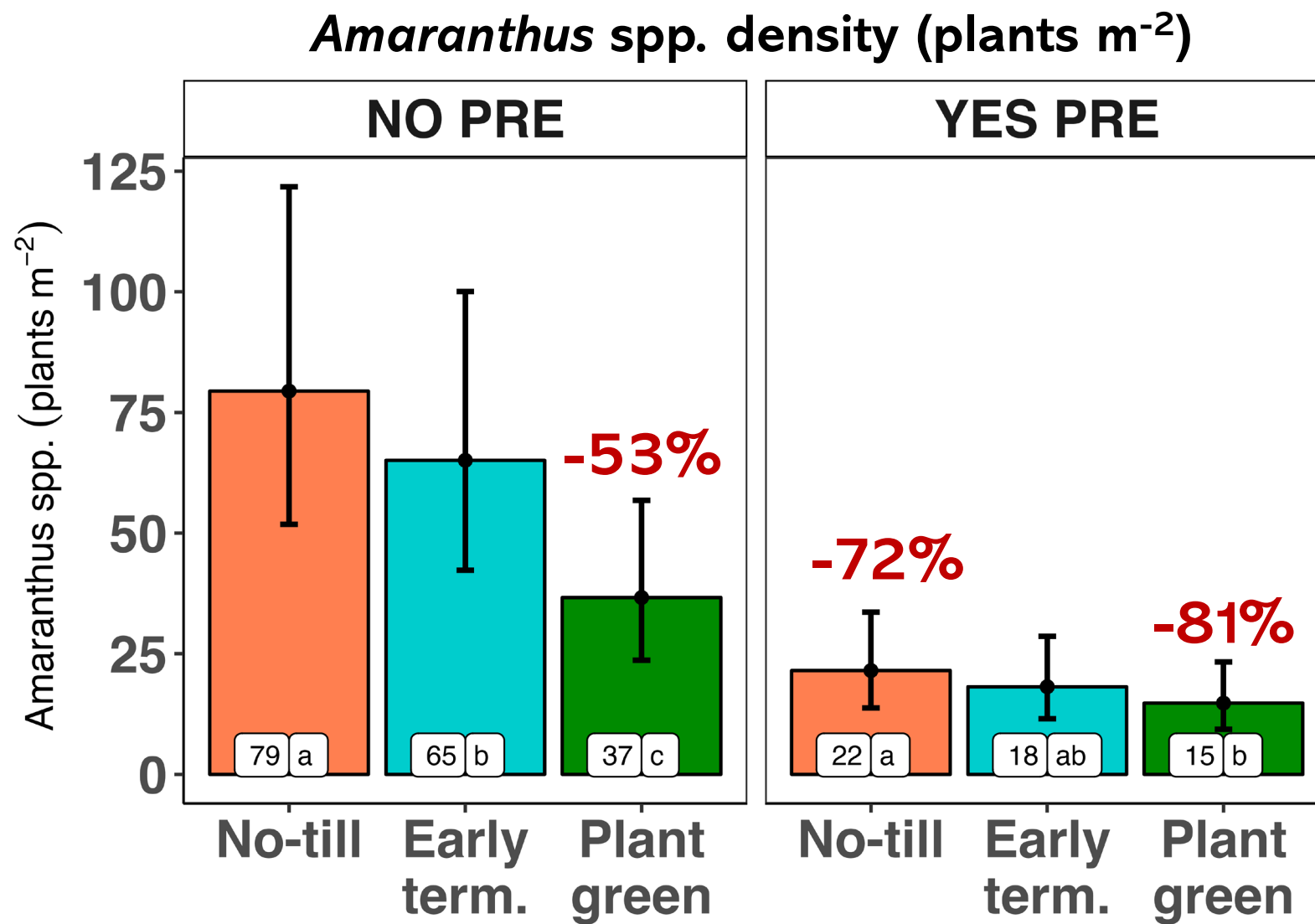
Cereal rye height can be used as a proxy for biomass

Planting Green System



Do I still need a PRE-emergence herbicide?

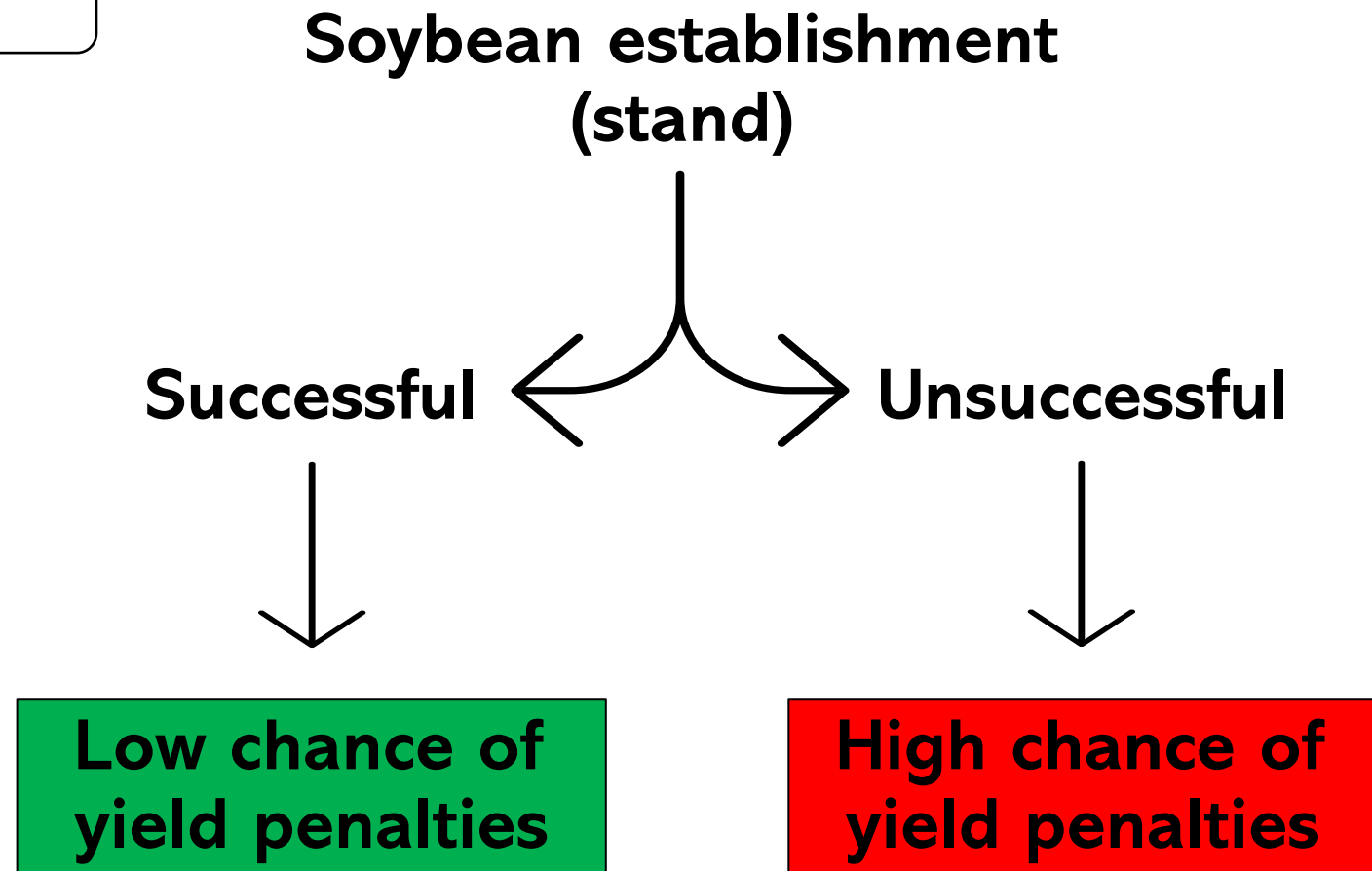
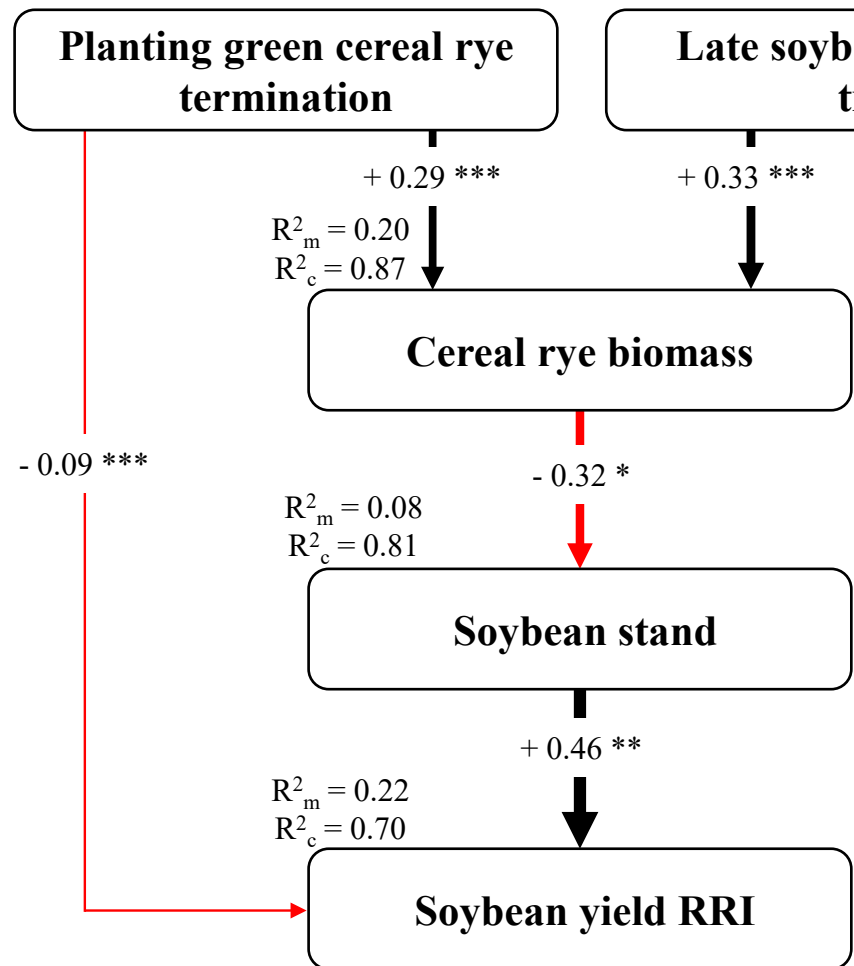
Is there an yield impact?

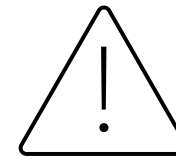


Cereal Rye +
PRE



Piecewise Structural Equation Model (SEM) - Soybean Yield

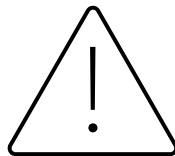




Uneven emergence (2023 drought)



Shallow planting (2021)



← Planting Soybean Early & Green ?



~ April 20

When should I terminate the cereal rye?

When to spray the residuals herbicides?



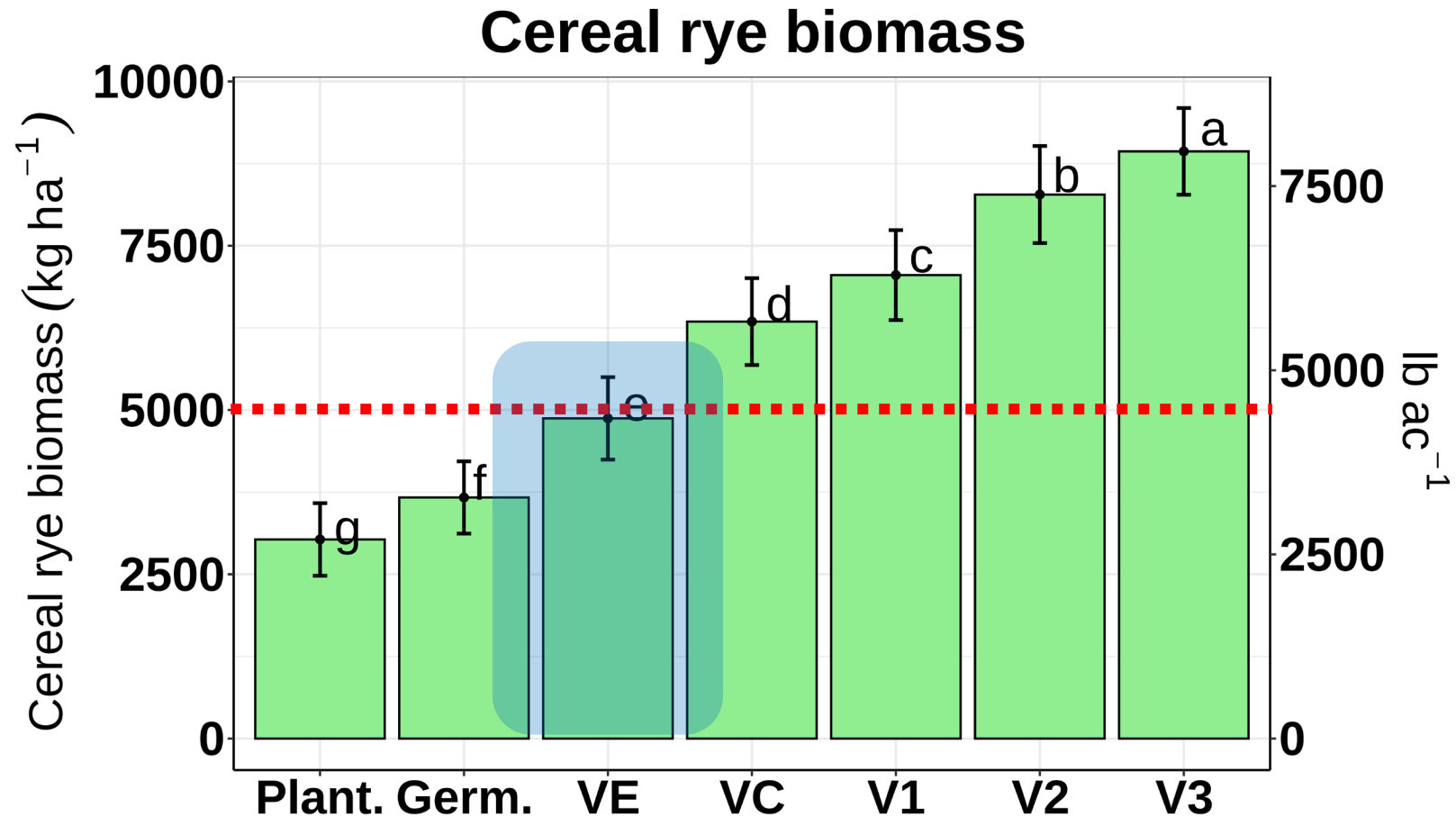
Planting Soybean Green

~ May 15

Research by Guilherme Chudzik, PhD student, WiscWeeds Program



Results – Cereal Rye Biomass

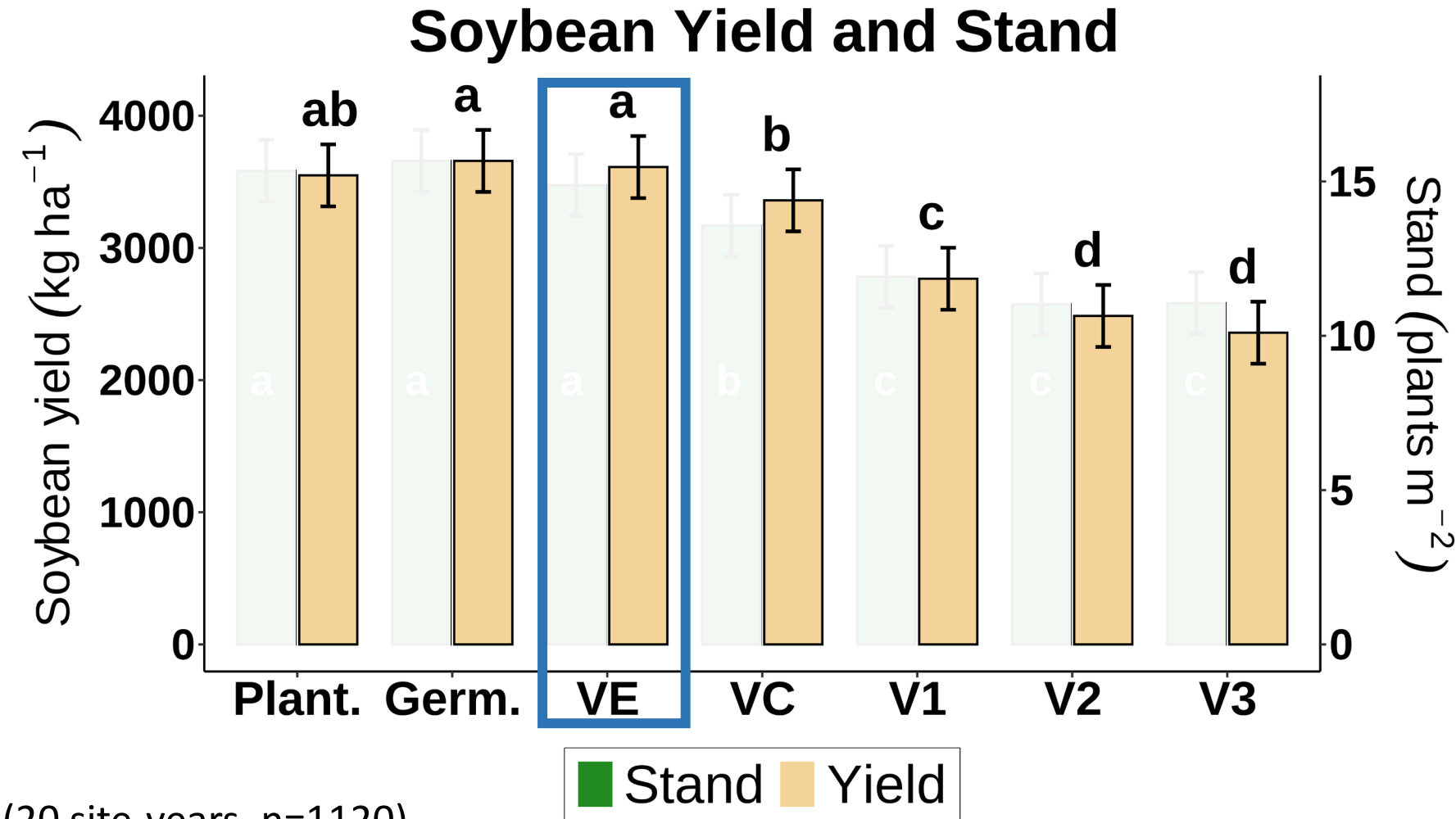


(20 site-years, n=1120)

Biomass increased as cereal rye termination was delayed



Results – Soybean Yield



(20 site-years, n=1120)



Emergence

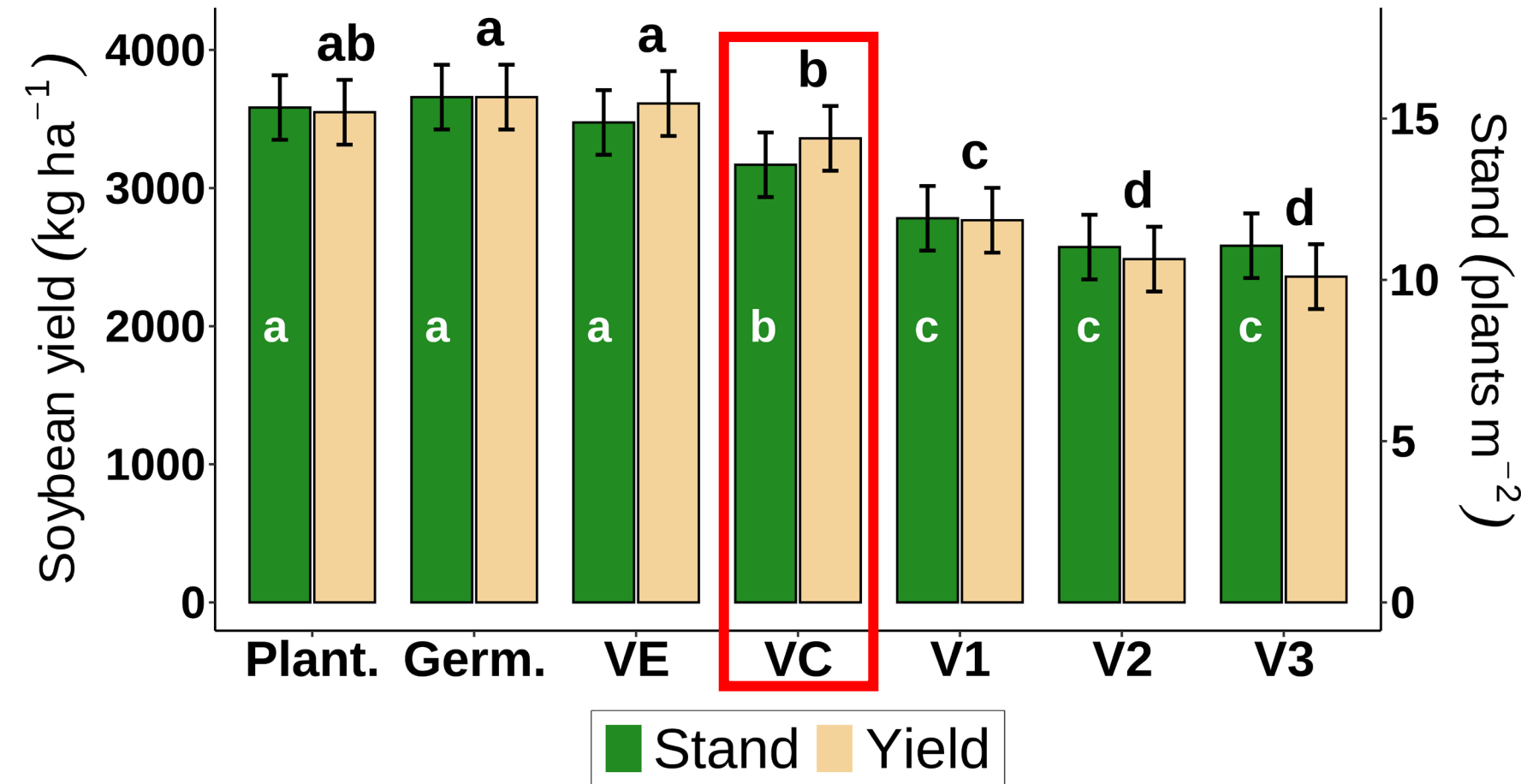
Yield reduction when terminated later than cotyledon stage



Results – Soybean Yield

Cotyledon stage might be too late!

Soybean Yield and Stand



*Stand loss and Yield reduction when terminated later than cotyledon stage*²¹

When should I terminate the cereal rye?



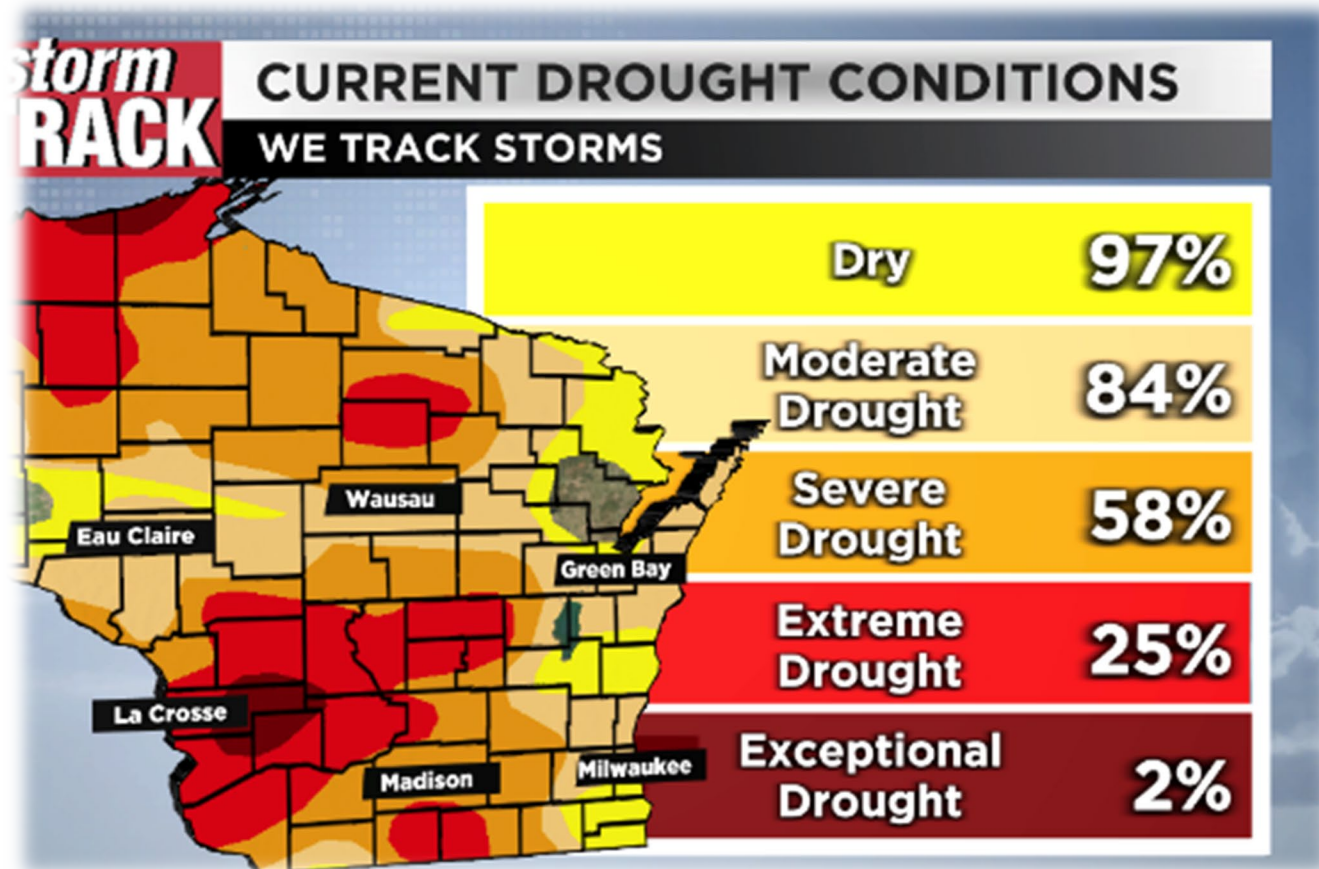
Cereal rye at ~30 inches

Whichever
happens
first



Soybean at emergence stage

When should I terminate the cereal rye?



Drought?

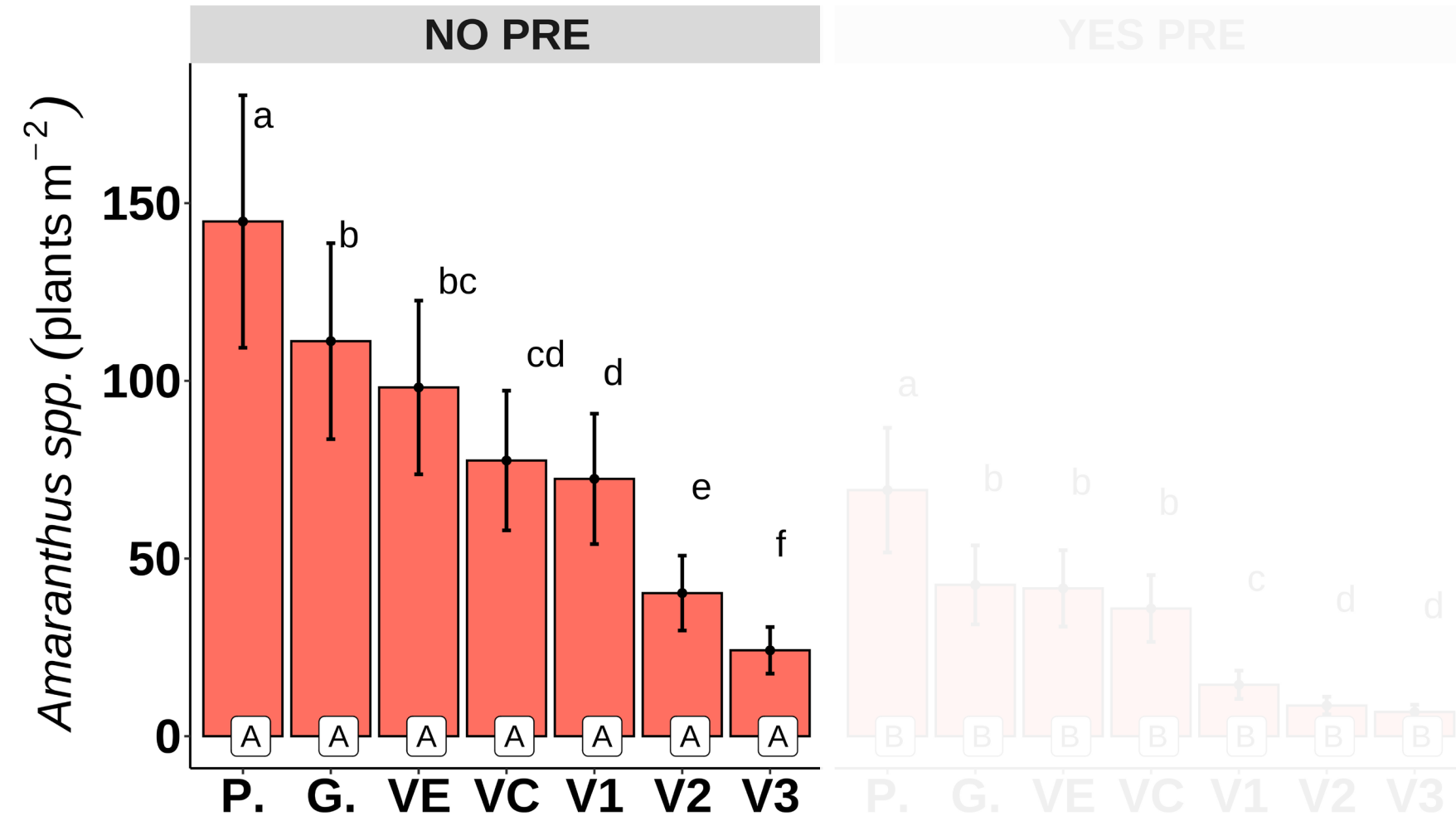
Terminate it sooner rather than later

Crespo et al. 2024



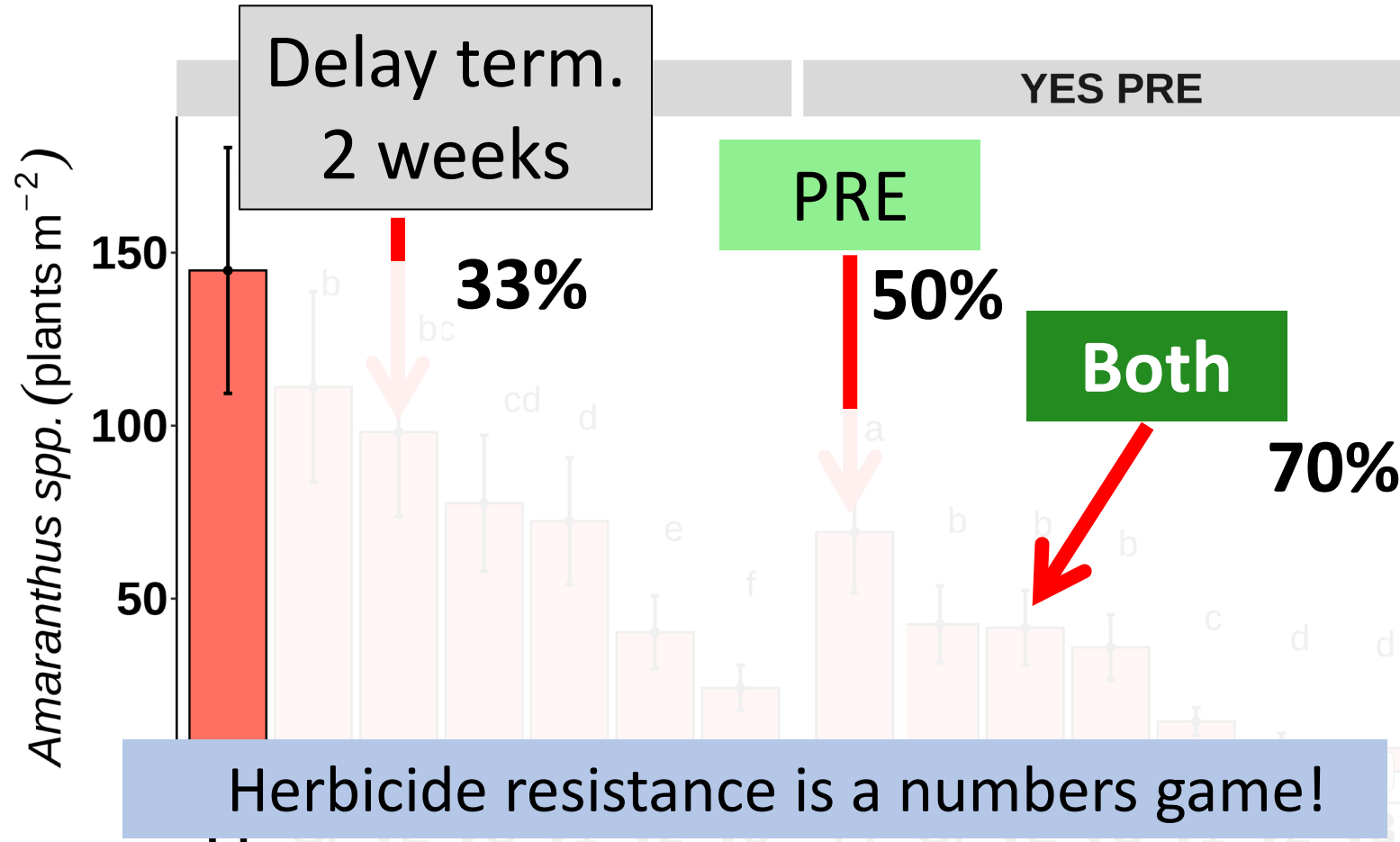
Results – Into the Weeds

Amaranthus spp. density at POST



*Higher biomass reduced *Amaranthus* spp. density*

What are the benefits of delaying termination and using residuals?



(20 site-years, n=1120)

Combined strategies worked better than single strategies

Take home messages

Cereal rye height can be used to estimate biomass

Yes, soybeans can coexist with cereal rye!

Control rye when it reaches ~30 inches or around soybean emergence.

Residual herbicides showed effective even with high biomass levels





2025 WiscWeeds Targeted Herbicide Application Research



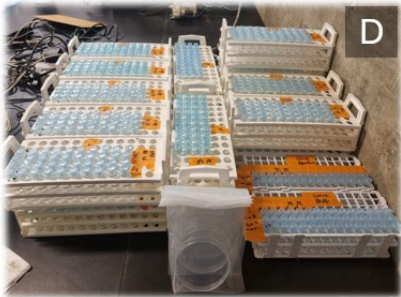
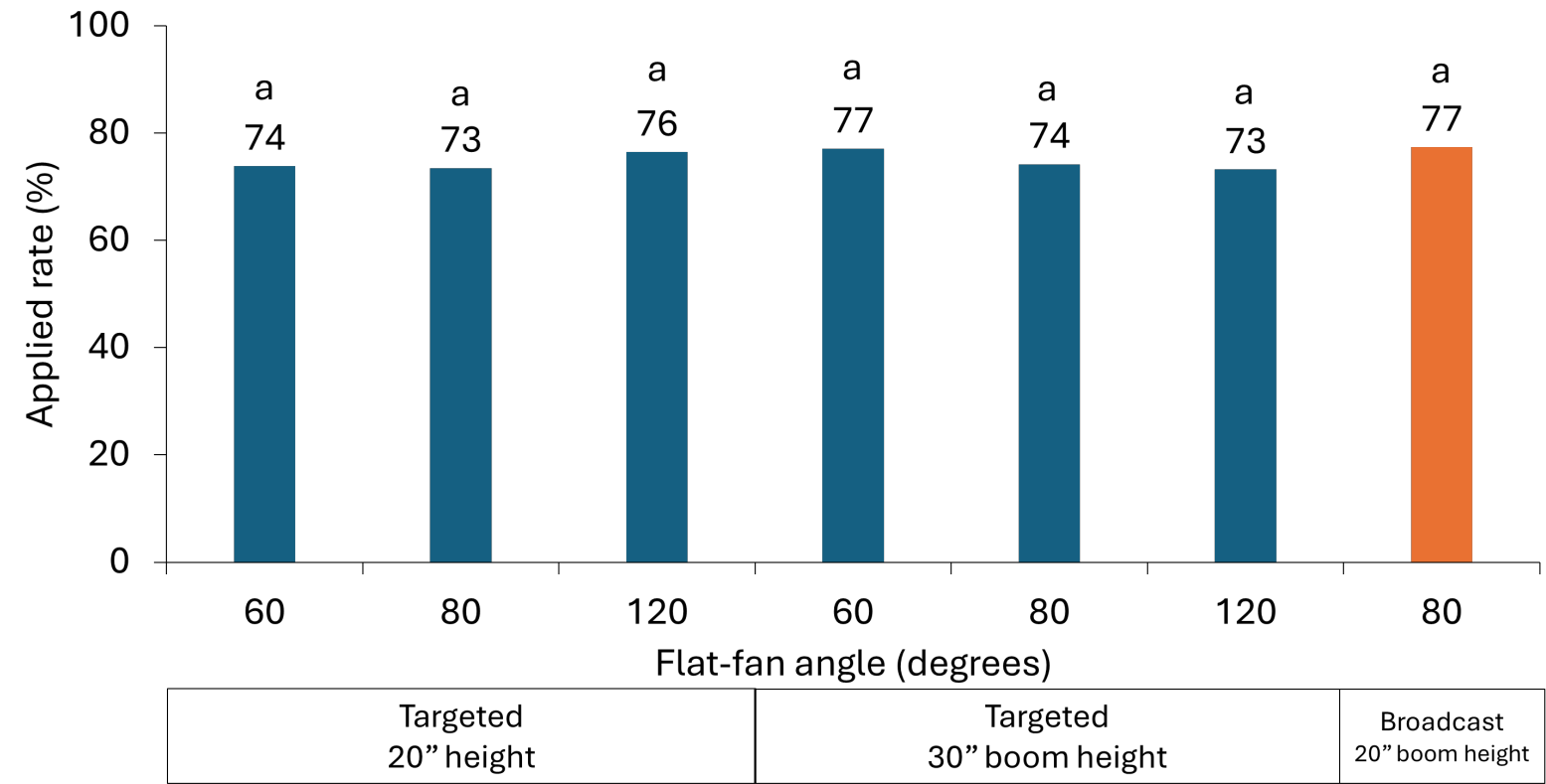
2025 Wisconsin Large-Scale Herbicide Trials

John Deere See & Spray Premium (120 ft boom)



2025 Wisconsin Large-Scale Herbicide Trials (Spray Deposition)

John Deere See & Spray Premium (120 ft boom)

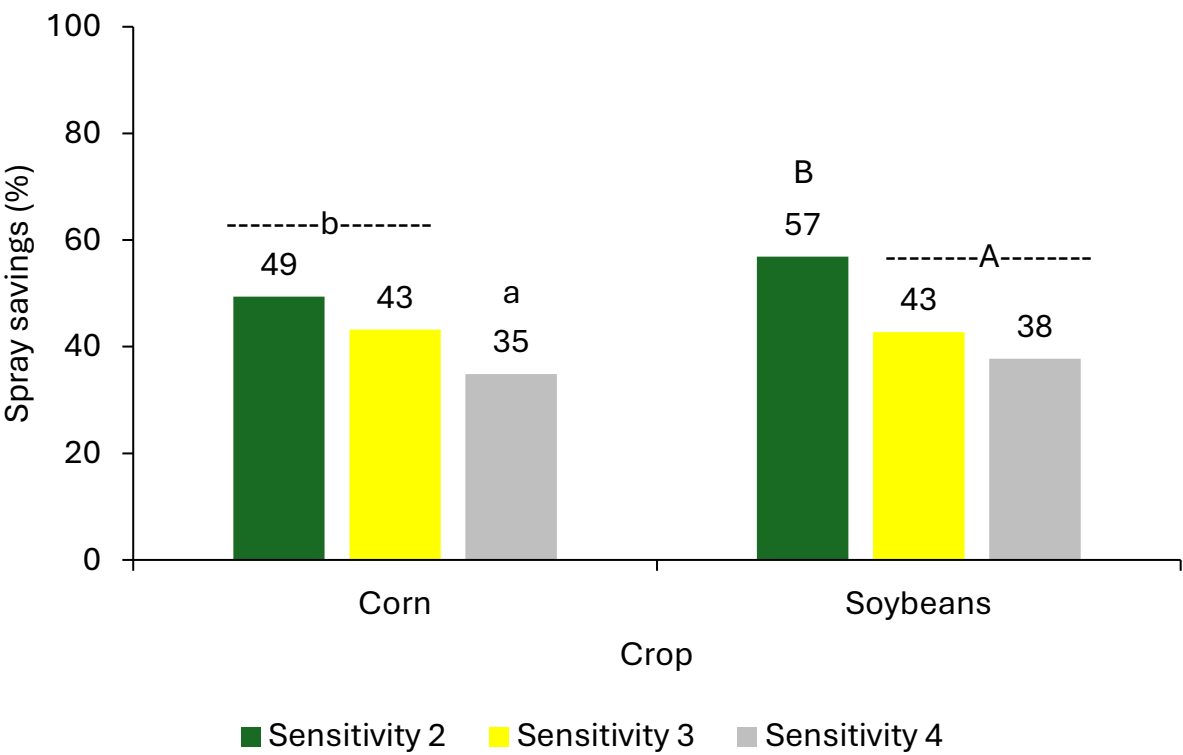


3 nozzle types (TSL 6005, TSL 8005, and ULD 12005)
Ultra-coarse droplets; 15 GPA; 12 mph

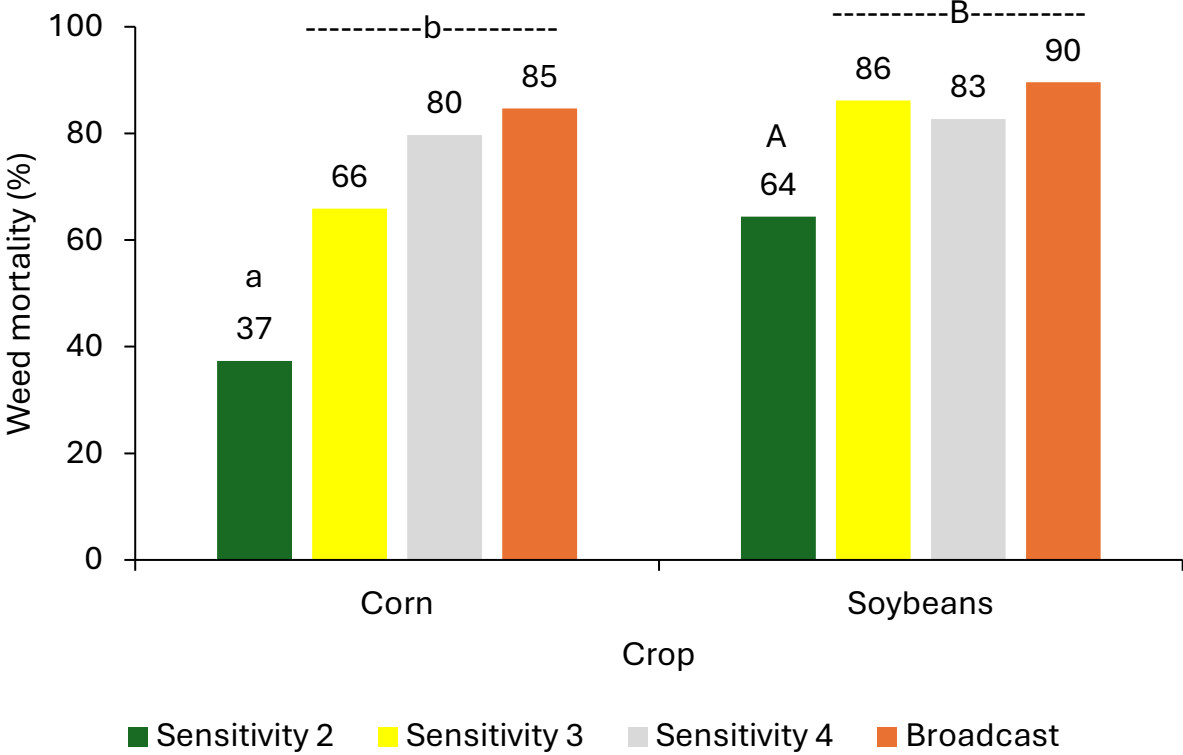
2025 Wisconsin Large-Scale Herbicide Trials (Savings and Weed Mortality)

John Deere See & Spray Premium (120 ft boom)

2025 J.D. Herbicide Trial - All Fields



2025 J.D. Herbicide Trial – All Fields



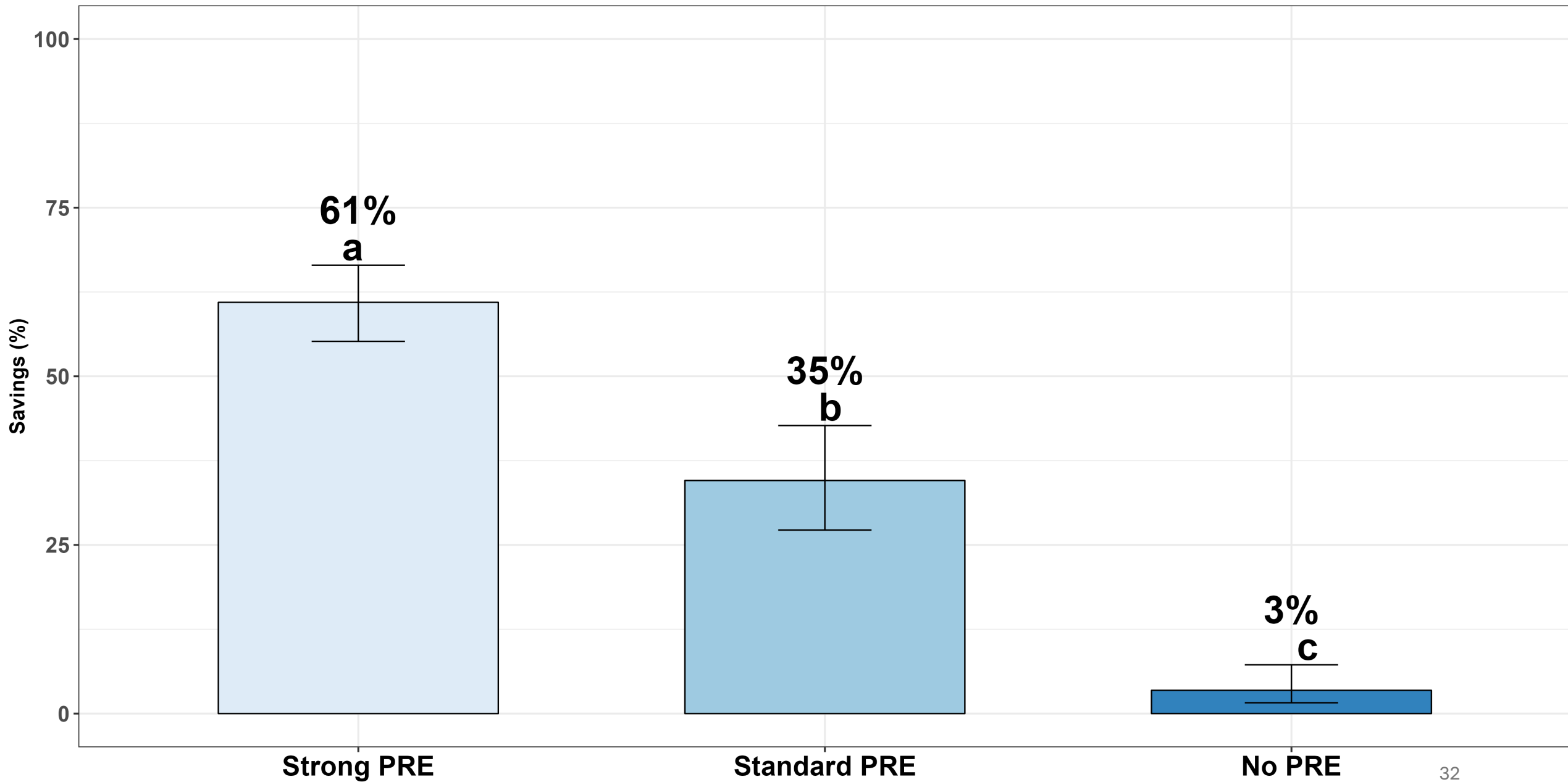
Bars with similar letters, within crop, do not differ from each other using Tukey’s test at $\alpha = 0.05$.

5 corn fields (53 acres)
6 soybean fields (51 acres)

2025 WiscWeeds research led by Dr. Guilherme Alves

Coarse droplets
16.5 GPA;
10 mph

Effect of PRE Herbicide on POST Herbicide Savings - Brooklyn, WI Corn

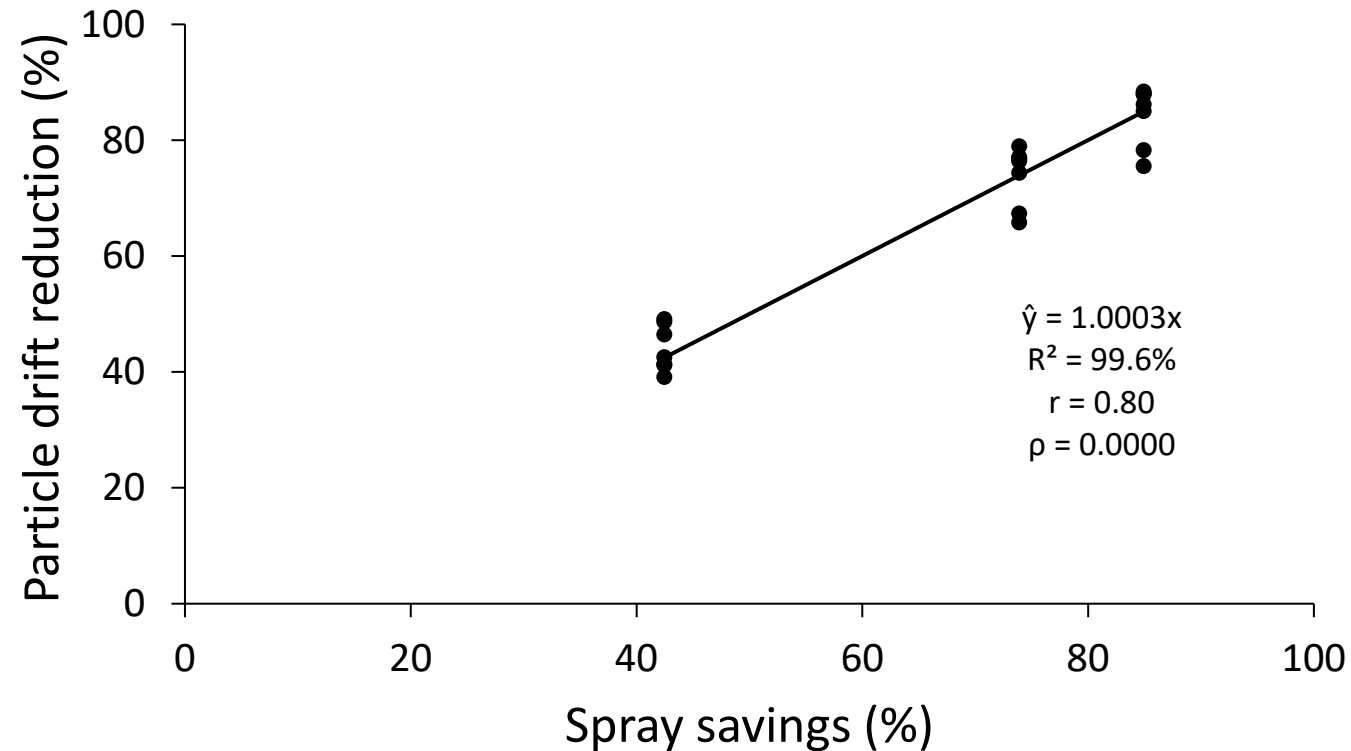


2025 Particle Drift Trial (Off-Target Movement)

Pearson's Correlation

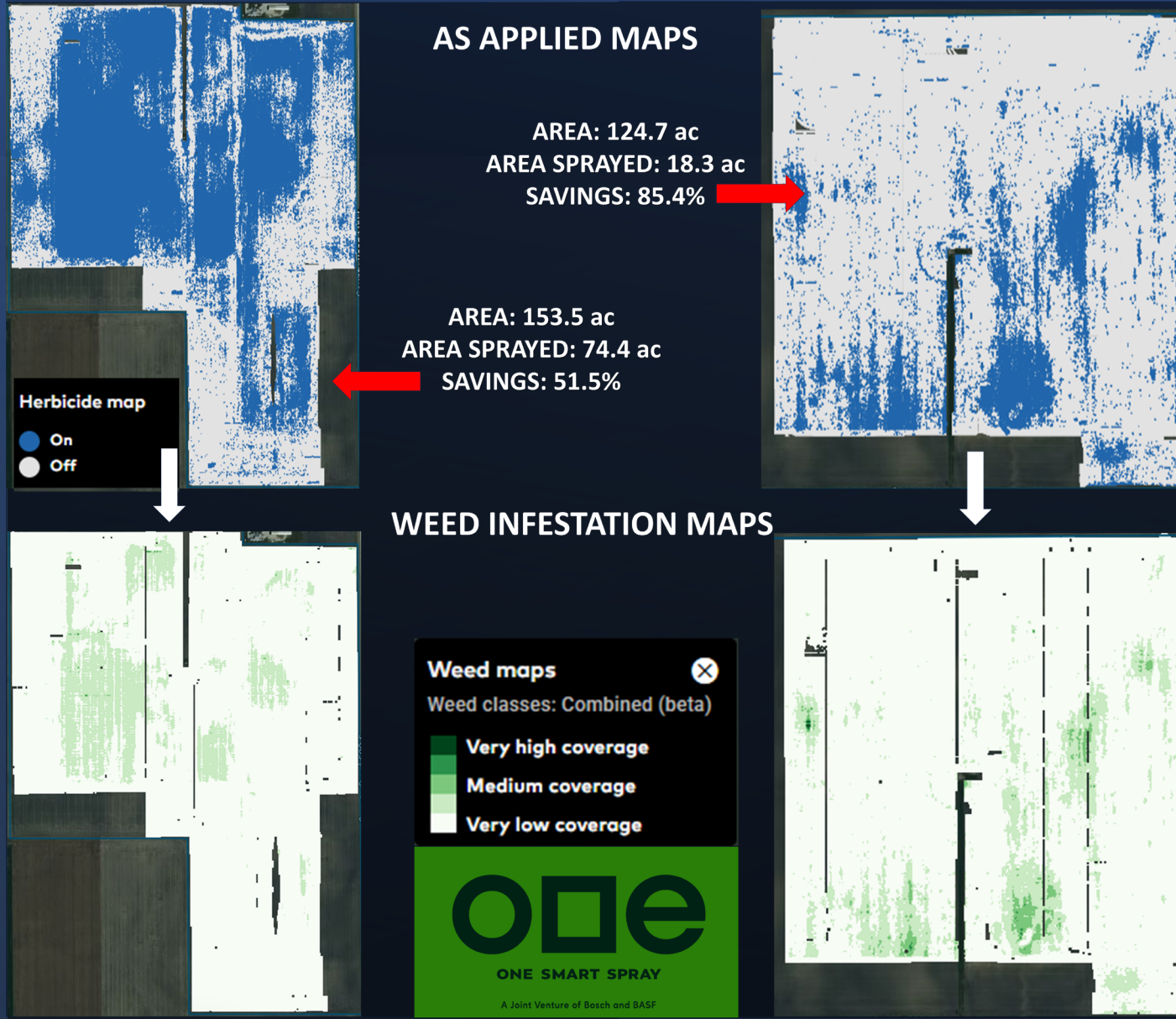
Drift reduction vs Spray savings

2025 J.D. Particle Drift Trial





Targeted Herbicide Applications Novel Spot Spraying Technologies

Zaim Ugljic, PhD Student, and Rodrigo Werle, Associate Professor, UW-Madison
Kalvin Miller, Field Engineer, BASF



Main Takeaways: WiscWeeds Targeted Herbicide Application Research

 **GET THE BASICS RIGHT FIRST:** Agronomy, weed management, and herbicide application fundamentals remain critical

 **SPRAY QUALITY MATTERS:** Dynamic systems that can potentially deliver lower quality compared to traditional broadcast spraying

 **TECHNOLOGY SETUP IS KEY:** Sensitivity, nozzle choice, boom height + stability drive success, etc.

 **LIMITATIONS EXIST:** In-row weeds and/or very small weeds between rows may be missed

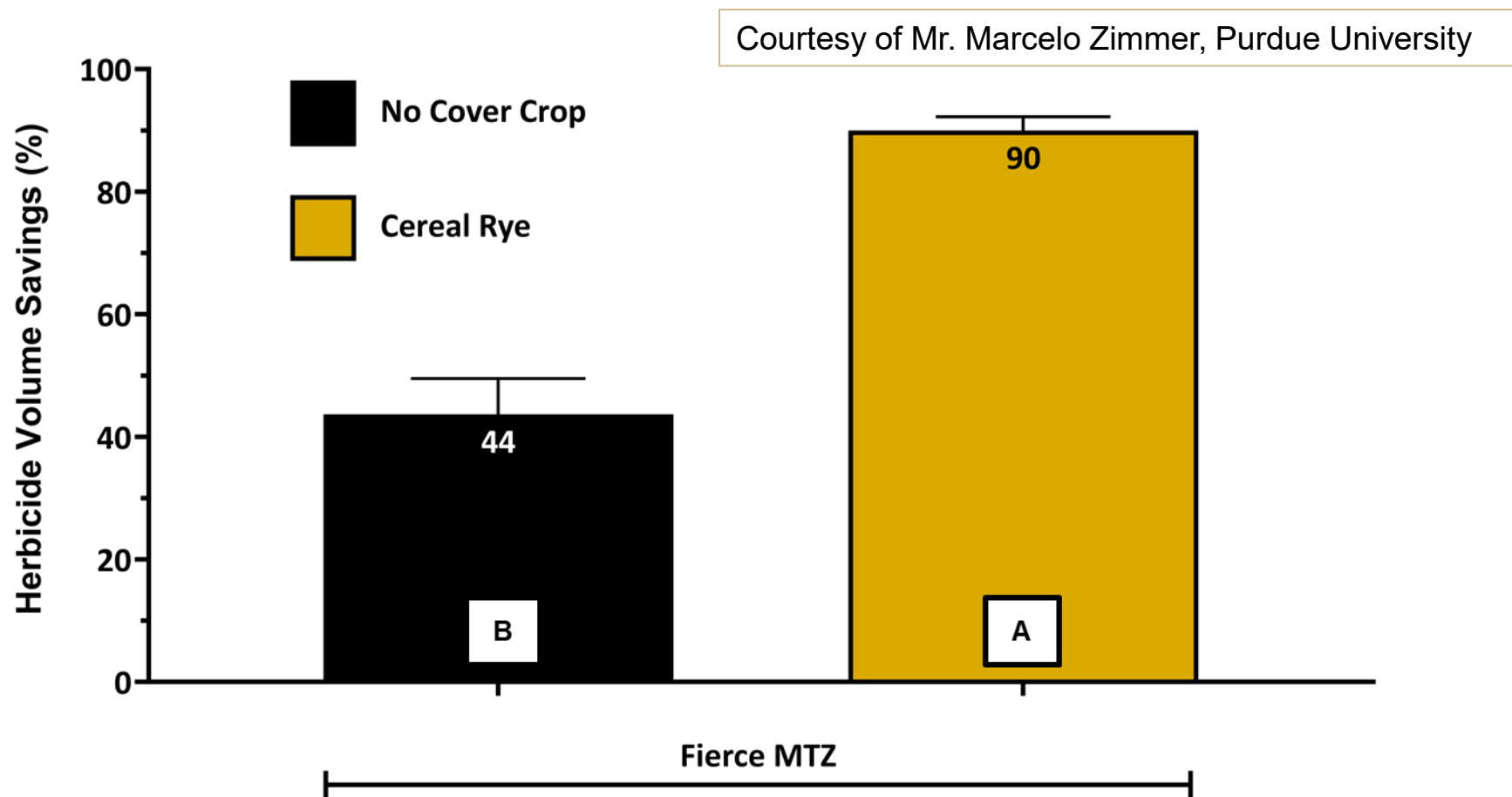
 **GREATEST BENEFITS UNDER LOW WEED PRESSURE/DENSITY AND YOUNG UNIFORM CROP CANOPY:** Higher savings potential

 **BEYOND HERBICIDE SAVINGS:** An opportunity to revisit and reinvent chemical weed control approaches; opportunity for crop monitoring and weed mapping

 **WEED MANAGEMENT IS MORE COMPLEX THAN EVER:** Integrated strategies remain essential



Herbicide Spray Volume Reduction at POST (%)



Disclaimer: Treatments applied with John Deere See & Spray Ultimate using experimental methods. Specific application methods and herbicide treatments may not be supported commercially. Read and follow all pesticide labels.



Thank you!

Rodrigo Werle, PhD



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UW-Mad About Weeds

